**Bone Scan: Whole Body**- A bone scan is a nuclear medicine test that helps physicians to diagnose and track several types of bone disease. Your doctor may order a bone scan if you have unexplained skeletal pain suggesting bone loss, bone infection or a bone injury undetectable on a standard x-ray. A bone scan is also an important tool for detecting cancer that has spread (metastasized) to the bone from a tumor that started in a different organ. A whole body bone scan takes images of all your bones from head to toe.

If you are a female patient between the ages of 9 and 55 you are required to either consent to a pregnancy test or sign a Pregnancy Test Waiver form prior to your exam. The only exception will be for females with a history of total hysterectomy. If you are breastfeeding please inform the technologist before your exam.

Please bring your current home medications or a list of your medications with you the day of the test. You may be asked to remove some or all of your clothes and wear a gown during the test. You may also be asked to remove jewelry, removable dental hardware, eye glasses, and any metal objects or clothing that might interfere with the images.

A whole body bone scan is a two part test. Upon arrival, a nurse or technologist will insert an intravenous (IV) line into a vein in your hand or arm. A radioactive tracer is then injected into your arm. It takes several hours (2-3) for your bloodstream to carry the tracer to all bones in your body. Once you receive the injection the technologist will allow you to leave the hospital. You may eat, drink, or take any medication after your injection. The technologist will tell you what time to return to the hospital to have your imaging done. Once you return it will take approximately 35 minutes to complete the test.

The test will require you to lie flat. Multiple images of your anatomy will be taken using a nuclear medicine camera. The images will be taken at timed intervals during the exam. The images will be reviewed by a Radiologist (a doctor that reads x-rays) and a report will be sent to your ordering physician in 48 hours. Unless your physician tells you otherwise, you may resume your normal activities after your nuclear medicine scan. If any special instructions are necessary, you will be informed by a technologist, nurse or physician before you leave the nuclear medicine department.

**Bone Scan: Limited**- A bone scan is a nuclear medicine test that helps physicians to diagnose and track several types of bone disease. Your doctor may order a bone scan if you have unexplained skeletal pain suggesting bone loss, bone infection or a bone injury undetectable on a standard x-ray. A limited bone scan is commonly ordered to evaluate for stress fractures. The test may be ordered after a patient still complains of pain or discomfort after normal x-ray images.
If you are a female patient between the ages of 9 and 55 you are required to either
consent to a pregnancy test or sign a Pregnancy Test Waiver form prior to your exam.
The only exception will be for females with a history of total hysterectomy. If you are
breastfeeding please inform the technologist before your exam.

Please bring your current home medications or a list of your medications with you the
day of the test. You may be asked to remove some or all of your clothes and wear a gown
during the test. You may also be asked to remove jewelry, removable dental hardware,
eye glasses, and any metal objects or clothing that might interfere with the images.

A limited bone scan is a two part test. Upon arrival, a nurse or technologist will insert an
intravenous (IV) line into a vein in your hand or arm. A radioactive tracer is then injected
into your arm. It takes several (2-3) hours for your bloodstream to carry the tracer
throughout your body. Once you receive the injection the technologist will allow you to
leave the hospital. You may eat, drink, or take any medication after your injection. The
technologist will tell you what time to return to the hospital to have your imaging done.
Once you return it will take approximately 20 minutes to complete the test.

The test may require you to lie flat or sit upright. Multiple images of your anatomy will
be taken using a nuclear medicine camera. The images will be taken at timed intervals
during the exam. The images will be reviewed by a Radiologist (a doctor that reads x-
rays) and a report will be sent to your ordering physician in 48 hours. Unless your
physician tells you otherwise, you may resume your normal activities after your nuclear
medicine scan. If any special instructions are necessary, you will be informed by a
technologist, nurse or physician before you leave the nuclear medicine department.

**Bone Scan: Three Phase** A bone scan is a nuclear medicine test that helps physicians
to diagnose and track several types of bone disease. Your doctor may order a bone scan
if you have unexplained skeletal pain suggesting bone loss, bone infection or a bone
injury undetectable on a standard x-ray. **3-phase bone scan** is done with three different
phases - blood flow, blood pool, and delayed. This procedure is done slightly different
then above procedures. 3-Phase Bone Scan requires the technologist to place the patient
in proper position under the nuclear medicine camera prior to injection of the radiotracer.
Once the patient is in position the technologist will inject the patient with the radiotracer
and start taking images of blood flow immediately - hence blood flow phase. The
computer is also set up to automatically acquire a short 180 seconds image of
surrounding tissues - blood pool phase. The delayed phase is imaged after the tracer has
time to circulate through the blood stream.

If you are a female patient between the ages of 9 and 55 you are required to either
consent to a pregnancy test or sign a Pregnancy Test Waiver form prior to your exam.
The only exception will be for females with a history of total hysterectomy. If you are breastfeeding please inform the technologist before your exam.

Please bring your current home medications or a list of your medications with you the day of the test. You may be asked to remove some or all of your clothes and wear a gown during the test. You may also be asked to remove jewelry, removable dental hardware, eye glasses, and any metal objects or clothing that might interfere with the images.

3 phase bone scan is a two part test. Upon arrival, a nurse or technologist will insert an intravenous (IV) line into a vein in your hand or arm. A radioactive tracer is then injected into your arm. Images are immediately taken for 10 minutes. Once you complete the first two sets of images, the technologist will allow you to leave the hospital. It takes several (2-3) hours for your bloodstream to carry the tracer throughout your body. The technologist will tell you what time to return to the hospital to have your third set of images done. Once you return you will have images taken again for approximately 20 minutes.

The test may require you to stand, lie flat, or turn from side to side. Multiple images of your anatomy will be taken using a nuclear medicine camera. The images will be taken at timed intervals during the exam. The images will be reviewed by a Radiologist (a doctor that reads x-rays) and a report will be sent to your ordering physician in 48 hours. Unless your physician tells you otherwise, you may resume your normal activities after your nuclear medicine scan. If any special instructions are necessary, you will be informed by a technologist, nurse or physician before you leave the nuclear medicine department.